

A NAME.  
BY MRS. L. H. RICHMOND.  
Let us make us a name, lest we be scattered abroad.  
GENESIS, XI. 4.

Make to thyself a name,  
Not with the breath of clay,  
Which, like the broken hollow reed,  
Doth sigh itself away;  
Not with the fame that vaunts  
The tyrant on his throne,  
And hurls its stigma on the soul  
That God vouchsafes to own.

Make to thyself a name,  
Not such as man can weave,  
Whose warp is but a thread of Gold  
That dazzles to deceive;  
Not with the tints of Love  
Form out its letters fair;  
That scroll within thy hand shall fade,  
Like him who plac'd it there.

Make to thyself a name,  
Not in the sculptor's aisle;  
The marble of betraying trust,  
Like Egypt's lifeless pile;  
But ask of Him who quicken'd  
Of Death, the sister-strife,  
To write it on the blood-bought page  
Of everlasting life.

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, 1836.

PROSPECTUS OF  
THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE  
AND REPUBLICAN REVIEW.

H. J. BRENT, ESQ. EDITOR.

THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE AND REPUBLICAN REVIEW will be published in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, on the 1st day of January next, and delivered monthly in all parts of the United States, devoted exclusively to the advancement of the great principles of the Whig party, and the encouragement of literature and science.

The experience of the past year has confirmed in the minds of the more reflecting and sagacious of the Whig party that a vacuum exists in the periodical press of the country, in which should be combined the productions of our great statesmen on literary and scientific subjects, and those of the eminent literary geniuses of which the United States can boast so ample a share, on the various subjects that present themselves to a sound and vigorous intellect. It cannot be doubted that the publication of a work calculated to infuse and circulate the true and honest political information, and to counteract the pernicious influence exerted by a monthly periodical of a similar nature published in this city, under the auspices, and bearing the name of the self-styled Democracy of the present day, advocating measures which, if successful, are destined to moulder to ruins the fabric of our noble Constitution, by placing constructions on it to suit the caprice and advance the reachings of a corrupt ambition.

The union of such principles with a general literature as have insinuated a common sense and honesty of the country, by proclaiming the "Martyrdom of Calley," rendered in a manner more detestable than the misadventures in which they are combined, tends directly to the disorganization of all that, as Americans, should be held most sacred. This combination is calculated to secure them a circulation in quarters to which they might not otherwise penetrate, as well as from a certain deceptive air of high-toned philanthropy and expansive liberality of views, with which they are artfully able to invest themselves, for the purpose of stealing their way into the hands through the unsuspecting hearts of that class of the country which depends the destiny and hopes of the nation—its young men. Whilst the more experienced sagacity of older heads can never hesitate a moment in recognizing the real naked deformity of these principles of modern Radicalism, under all the fair seeming disguises they may assume, yet to the young they are repulsive with a subtlety of the most pernicious character.

The National Magazine and Republican Review is designed, and will be conducted with these and other important considerations in view, calculated to correct misconstructions, and to inculcate the correct political principles on which are based the views and practice of the great Republican Whig party, as well as for the encouragement and maintenance of genuine polite literature. The publishers will neither spare expense in the mechanical department of the work, nor their utmost efforts to render the Review useful to the Public in a literary point of view, and honorable to the country and cause which it is destined to espouse as a National work.

The period is approaching when the country will emerge from the dominion of a party which has come into power under the corrupt influence of a misled popular prejudice, and which has advocated and suited under the broad and corrupt motto of office-seekers, "to the victors belong the spoils of the vanquished," being alike anti-republican, unconstitutional, and a foul stain upon the free institutions of the country, that can only be eradicated by the triumph of the principles which govern the Republican Whig party of the present day.

The advocates of the principles alluded to, who have stood foremost in defence of the Constitution and Laws when they were as diminutive as a party could be, exerting the strength of a Leonidas battling with the host of Xerxes, and have nearly succeeded in rescuing the Government from the grasp of corruption, will deem it their imperative duty to continue their efforts, and it cannot better be done than by supporting a periodical of high standing for sound political principles and literary worth; and such a one will be found in the National Magazine and Republican Review.

The success of the Magazine will therefore depend, in a measure, on the great body of the opponents of the present Administration, whose interest it will be to aid in its permanent establishment. And it will be equally binding on the talented and patriotic band of leading Whigs to spare neither time nor labor to the explanation and advocacy of the true and only principles on which the Government can prosper, and on the success of which depends the great experiment of Republican Government.

Having made these few remarks on the political cast of the publication, we feel confident that its utility will be readily perceived by the Public, and fully appreciated. In addition to the political features, the following will be the principal subjects on which the Review will treat, from the pens of most celebrated writers of the present day—

Reviews and Critical Notices will occupy a portion of its pages, thereby giving praise to genius, and censure to its productions only as are richly deserving of it.

A Sketch of the Proceedings of Congress will be given at the close of each session, in which will be explained the cause and effect of all prominent acts and measures, compiled by a gentleman of acknowledged ability and opportunity to arrange and collect such matters as will prove both interesting and instructive.

Election Returns will be given in a tabular form, embracing all elections of importance in the various States, as early as practicable after the reception of official returns.

Essays and Tales will also form an important part of the work, and all original articles of this character will receive prompt attention. The object of the publishers, next to enhancing the good cause in which they have embarked, will be to furnish the reader with such matters as will both instruct and amuse; such as

Sketches and Reminiscences of events too minute for history;

Biographical and Historical Sketches of distinguished personages, &c.

Original Poetry will be well sprinkled through its pages.

Engravings of Distinguished Statesmen.—If the work should receive the same encouragement as is usually extended to periodicals of a literary and scientific character, the subscribers to the Review will not only find their numbers enriched by these desirable plates, but also with many other valuable improvements.

TERMS.

THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE AND REPUBLICAN REVIEW will be published in monthly numbers of eighty octavo pages each, on fine paper, with new and handsome type, and in the most approved mechanical and typographical appearance, at the moderate price of Five Dollars a year, payable in all cases in advance, or on the delivery of the third number, without respect to persons.

Any person forwarding ten respectable subscribers, and becoming responsible for the amount of their subscriptions for the first year, shall receive a copy gratis as long as they may continue subscribers.

The publishers will be responsible for all monies forwarded by mail, in case of miscarriage, provided the certificate of the Postmaster shall be secured, and copies for ward as directed.

If a subscriber shall not order his subscription to be discontinued at the expiration of the year, he shall be considered as wishing the Review continued, which shall be forwarded, and the subscription money expected on the receipt of the third number, as in the first instance. No subscription taken for a less term than one year.

All communications, post paid, addressed to the publishers at their residence, Georgetown, D. C., will receive prompt attention.

Publishers of newspapers who will copy the foregoing prospectus will receive a copy of the work in exchange, and also confer a lasting favor upon the proprietors.

FULTON & SMITH.  
GEORGETOWN, D. C.

It is the earnest request of the publishers that correspondents will forward their contributions for the Review at the earliest possible moment.

Oct 20—

REPT SILKS AND FRENCH MERINOS.—Opened this day

20 pieces Rept Silks	10 do Figured Rept
63 do French Merinos	

The above will be sold very cheap.

Also, a large supply of French work, opened on our second story.

BRADLEY & CATLETT.  
Dec. 8

RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY.—Howell's Compound Syrup of Carrageen, a safe, simple, pleasant, and effectual remedy for chronic coughs, asthma, consumptions, &c.

This syrup has deservedly acquired great reputation and the confidence of physicians, as a remedy in the cure of pulmonary diseases. It is not offered as a specific, but will be found generally effectual in the cure of chronic coughs, asthma, &c., and will frequently relieve obstinate pulmonary diseases.

When circumstances admit, it should be used under the direction of a physician.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, at my Pharmacy, near Seven Buildings.

Also, for sale by most of the Druggists in Washington, Georgetown, Alexandria, Baltimore, and throughout the United States.

F. HOWARD.  
Dec 8

THOMAS C. WILSON.

KEEPS at his Stable, near the corner of Third Street, Penn. Avenue, Hacks for hire by the hour, day, week, or for any longer period. His terms are in strict compliance with the law of the Corporation, and his hack, driven by careful obliging drivers. A person will always be found at the stable to receive orders, and directions will be cheerfully and promptly attended to. Families wishing to ride in the morning or evening can always be accommodated by making early application.

T. C. Wilson has also for hire, a one-horse New Jersey built Buggy. The Buggy is covered. Gentlemen wishing a first rate affair, are invited to call.

Sept. 29—1st.

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.—The attention of the Merchant Tailors is respectfully requested to a large assortment of Goods in their line, which we have to-day opened, viz:

20 pieces wool dyed Black Cloths	40 do Fancy colored do
20 do Fashionable Figured Silk Vestings	2 cases Silk Vests
Gentlemen's Lambswool Shirts and Drawers	Do super Hoskin Gloves
Gumelastic and Buckskin Braces	Brown Hollands
Colored Cambrics and Silsesias	30 pieces Cassimeres, assorted.

Sept. 8

BRADLEY & CATLETT.

VERY FINE IRISH LINENS.—50 pieces very superior Linens, just received by

BRADLEY & CATLETT.  
Nov. 9—31



WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD.—The Passenger trains on this Road will daily start as follows, viz:

FROM WASHINGTON FOR BALTIMORE.  
At 6 o'clock A. M. and at 4 1/2 o'clock P. M.  
FROM BALTIMORE FOR WASHINGTON.  
At nine o'clock A. M. and at four o'clock P. M.

Passengers by the morning train, if proceeding westwardly, can connect with the Western train on the Baltimore and Ohio road at the Relay house, reach Frederick in time for the Western stages that leave there at 12 o'clock, noon, or Harper's Ferry, in time for the evening train to Winchester; while passengers travelling eastwardly are conveyed through to Philadelphia without unnecessary detention at Baltimore, reaching Philadelphia in time for the evening line to New York, and thus accomplishing the journey from Washington to New York in one day.

Under no circumstances whatever can the train be delayed beyond the hour fixed for starting. It is, therefore, respectfully suggested that Passengers procure their tickets the previous evening, to enable them to do which, the office will be kept open till half past seven o'clock P. M.

By

SAMUEL STETTINIUS, Agent.

FRENCH CASSIMERES.—Opened to-day—

50 pieces French Cassimeres, which will be sold by the piece, very cheap.

BRADLEY & CATLETT.  
Nov. 6—31

LONG MERINO SCARVES.—We have just received

100 Long Scarves, (very fine, and will be sold great bargains.)

Also, 200 handsome shawls, very cheap.

BRADLEY & CATLETT.  
Nov. 6—31

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BEAVER CLOTHS.—Opened to-day—

10 pieces very superior Beaver Cloths

Which will be sold low by the piece.

BRADLEY & CATLETT.  
Nov. 6

INGRAIN CARPETS.—We have on hand a handsome lot of Ingrain Carpeting, which will be sold low.

BRADLEY & CATLETT.  
Dec. 1—31

HOUSE-FURNISHING WARE-ROOMS, on Pennsylvania Avenue, near 4 1/2 o'clock P. M. BOTELER & DONN have just opened their Fall Stock of House-furnishing Goods, consisting of almost every article used in genteel housekeeping. They have added to their stock this season a handsome assortment of plated goods, such as—

Salvers, Castors, Baskets, Urns, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays; which have been selected with unusual care.

Also, very superior English and Philadelphia Astral and Mantel Lamps, of superior workmanship; all warranted in good order.

They have, also, a handsome assortment of Curtain Bands, Pins, Cornices, and Poles; which, together with their large stock of Looking Glasses, Cabinet Ware, Mattresses, Beds, and Bedsteads, Crockery, Glass and China Ware, renders their stock more extensive than in any other establishment of the kind in the District; to which they would respectfully invite the attention of persons furnishing.

They have also just received from New York a handsome assortment of Curled Maple Parlor Chairs.

N. B.—They still continue to manufacture Chairs of every description.

P. S.—Looking-Glass Plates of various sizes.

Oct 6—1st



WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD, TRANSPORTATION DEPOT, December 13, 1837.

It is respectfully made known that merchandise and other commodities received at this Depot, for delivery in this city, or to be forwarded to Baltimore, or to points on the line of the road, will hereafter be subject to the following regulations, of which those interested will please take notice:

1st. The freight and charges on all goods consigned to individuals in this city or its vicinity must be paid before their removal to the Depot.

2d. Commodities offered for transportation must be distinctly marked, and be accompanied by a list, in duplicate, of the number and description of packages to be forwarded, the name of the consignor, and of the party for warding the same, otherwise they cannot be received.

The Company will not be responsible for damages arising from leakage or breakage, nor will they be responsible for damage alleged to have been received by any goods or commodities transported by them, unless the claim shall be made before the removal of the goods from the Depot. Further, if goods which shall have been transported on this road be not received or taken away by their consignors or owners, on the day of their arrival at the Depot, the Company will not be responsible for or pay any claims for loss or damage which may be sustained by such goods; in other words, if goods, as above described, be permitted to remain in or on the cars on the railway, or at the Depot, one or more nights after their arrival, they will remain so at the exclusive risk of the owners or consignors.

The hours for receiving and delivering goods will, until further notice, be from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

By order,

SAMUEL STETTINIUS, Agent.  
Oct. 13.

PROPOSALS.

For publishing in the city of Washington a weekly newspaper, to be devoted to the interests of RELIGION and LITERATURE, to be called

THE METROPOLITAN CHURCHMAN

REV. PHILIP SLAUGHTER, EDITOR.

WHEN a Minister of the Lord Jesus Christ ceases to preach the Gospel, a decent respect for the opinions of the Church and the world requires that he should declare the causes which impel him to take this step. In the present case the Editor was arrested in his ministerial functions by the hand of disease, and his voice hushed by the precept of the physician. He is driven, therefore, by an imperative necessity to do something for the support of his family. Shall he go back to the world and resume his secular pursuits? Most secular occupations would be as incompatible with the state of his health, as revolting to his feelings and principles.

The only alternative, then, is to adopt that mode of life which is most kindred to his profession, and which, next to the living voice of the preacher, seems to be the most fitting instrument to promote the glory of God, and the happiness of his creatures. In his judgment a religious life is that instrument—the press being confessedly one of the mightiest levers that moves this mortal world. He has chosen Washington as the locality of this press for various reasons. It is a centre from whence roads and canals radiate to every point in our extensive territory, affording opportunities of easy and speedy communication with every diocese in the Union. 2dly, as the political metropolis of this great Nation, it is the source of mighty moral influences for evil or for good. Every interest in the country is beginning to appreciate the importance of this fact. Newspapers, magazines, and pamphlets, expressing every variety of opinion, in politics, morals and religion, are daily going forth as missionaries to every State, town, county, and family of this great nation, fixing the principles, and moulding the manners of its citizens. Under these circumstances he has thought that the Episcopalians of the United States would like to see a press established at this great centre of moral influences, displaying the ensigns of the Gospel, and inscribed with the motto of that Church which was built upon the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, was cemented with the blood of a glorious army of martyrs, and which says to the angry winds of heaven, which are beating against her bulwarks, and battering down the walls of other societies, "here shall thy proud waves be stayed."

The general design of this paper will be the advancement of society in knowledge and religion; and to this end, the aid of various gentlemen, distinguished in the walks of literature as in the walls of the Church, has been secured.

As to the peculiar view of the Editor in Religion, it is enough to say that he is a Minister of the Episcopal Church, and that it will be his continual aim to maintain that Church in its integrity, to exhibit its doctrines, and defend her distinctive features, and to hand her down to our children inviolate, as we received her from our fathers.

P. S.—This paper will contain a weekly summary of such acts of Congress and other facts as are of public interest, and such notices and reviews of the current Literature of the day, as will not be unbecoming its religious professions.

TERMS.—Three dollars per annum, payable on delivery of the first number.

All Episcopal Clergymen who approve the design of this paper, are desired to act as its agents, or to procure agents for it in their respective parishes, desiring them to forward the names of subscribers to the editor at Georgetown, D. C.

Publishers throughout the country will confer a favor by sending the above.

P. S.

THE SOUTHERN SILK MANUAL, and Farmer's

Magazine.—This work will be published under the auspices of a number of gentlemen actively engaged in the cultivation of Mulberry Trees, and the raising of silkworms; and the manufacture of silk. It will be edited by E. YEATES REESE, and furnished to subscribers at one dollar per annum.

Ample arrangements have been made, and correspondents established, to enable the editor to present a work containing all the information necessary to the planting and cultivation of the trees, the feeding of the worms, and the successful management of the entire silk business. The work will also contain valuable information on agriculture and farming generally.

It will be the particular object of the editor to promote the interest of those engaged in the silk culture in the Southern and Western States; as the rearing of the silkworm possesses peculiar advantages in respect to climate, soil, labor, &c.

Orders by letter, (post paid) with the subscription for the year, will receive prompt attention. Address E. YEATES REESE, Baltimore.

Persons desirous to have the above valuable work can be supplied by calling at my store, No. 7, 8 and 9, Dec. 8.

Dec. 8

F. HOWARD, Agent.

MAY & JONES, Attorneys at Law, Washington, D. C. offer their professional services to the Public, in the Courts of the District of Columbia and the neighboring counties in Virginia and Maryland. They will attend to the prosecution of claims before Congress, the Departments, the General Land Office, &c. &c. Their office is on the corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and Third Street, in the same building with Gen. Walter Jones, to whom they respectfully make reference.

HENRY MAY.  
CHAS. L. JONES.

August 11—2am6m.

COAL, COAL WOOD, WOOD.—The subscribers would call the attention of their friends and the Public generally to some superior White Ash Coal they have at present, which they are desirous of disposing of for cash, or to punctual customers.

They also anticipate a large supply of best Oak Wood, by way of the railroad, in the course of the coming month.

Apply at Wood and Coal Yard, Pennsylvania Avenue, between 4 1/2 and 3d Streets.

All orders left at the store of Mr. Edward Simms will be punctually attended to.

Dec. 1—31.

P. M. PEARSON & CO.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION to persons afflicted with the following complaints, viz: Scrofula, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, St. Anthony's Fire, Fever Sores, even when the bones are affected, White Swellings, Violent Eruptions, after measles, Scrofula, Eczema, Eruptions, Pimples and Carbuncled faces, Sore Ears, Sore Legs, Scald Head, Ulcers, Venereal Taints, when Mercury has failed, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood and humors.—It is asserted that Dr. RELLÉ'S Botanical Drops continue unrivalled, for the prevention, relief, and cure of these complaints. In proof of which read the following remarkable cure of a case of 12 years' standing:

Extract of a letter. "Sir: My leg, which before did not look like a human limb, is now entirely healed up (and is doing every other application for 12 years) Previous to trying your Rellé's Botanical Drops, I had been all hope, and had been told that I was incurable."

Another Case. An agent writes, "There is a person taking the Botanical Drops, evidently with the greatest advantage." He declares, to use his own words, "It is snatching him from the jaws of death."

Numerous instances have occurred where persons were pining away a miserable existence, nothing they could procure affording them permanent relief, until they had made use of the above invaluable Medicine.

They are also the best Spring and Autumnal Physic.

Price \$1. or 6 bottles for \$5.

For sale by

March 24.

S. J. TODD,  
Washington, D. C.

GARLEGGANT'S BALSM OF HEALTH

PREPARED ONLY BY JOHN S. MILLER,  
Frederick City, Maryland.

THIS valuable medicine has only been introduced to the public about five years, in various parts of the country, and hundreds of persons have used it, and found its beneficial effects, and seven out of ten cases have been permanently cured of the Dyspepsia, Cholera, Nervous Tremors, Losses of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, and all those train of diseases resulting from a disordered condition of the stomach and liver, or derangement of the digestive functions, such as general debility or weakness, flatulency, loss of appetite, sour eructations and acidities of the stomach, costiveness, head ache, jaundice, flatulent and bilious colic, &c.

The proprietor does not recommend it as most patent medicines are, as a cure all, and when used is found wanting, that the public have got so much deceived, that they can scarcely be prevailed upon to try any more, which is not the case with this Balsam of Health, as hundreds of persons have received the most happy and permanent relief, which the proprietor can produce, in required, the testimony of many respectable persons, that have been cured of the above diseases.

The proprietor requests all those persons that are afflicted in the way above described, to give his medicines a fair trial, and he assures them that they will not be disappointed.

The Public will find it for sale—wholesale and retail—at

March 17

TODD'S Drug-Store.

Recommended by the Medical Faculty.

FLODOARDO HOWARD'S

Improved Compound

FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

FOR THE CURE OF  
Scrofula or Kings Evil, Chronic Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, White Swellings, and all diseases requiring the aid of alterative medicines. This Extract is prepared from an improved formula, sanctioned by scientific Physicians and Pharmacists, and is decidedly one of the most active, efficacious, and convenient preparations in use.

60-Mercury is added only when regularly prescribed. It should be used, where circumstances may admit, under the guidance and direction of a physician.

Carefully prepared and sold only at my Pharmacy.

FLODOARDO HOWARD.

Also for sale at most of the Drug Stores in Washington City, Baltimore, and throughout the United States.

The following Select Medicines and miscellaneous articles are also prepared and sold as above:

HOWARD'S TONIC MIXTURE, warranted a cure for fever and ague.

HOWARD'S COMPOUND OF SARSAPARILLA, CURETS, AND COCAINE, for the cure of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, &c. HOWARD'S VERMIFUGE, a safe and effectual worm destroying medicine.

HOWARD'S CATHARTIC PILLS, without mercury.

HOWARD'S COMPOUND KRESOTE TOOTH ACHIE DROPS.

HOWARD'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF CARRAGEEN, a safe, simple, agreeable, and effectual remedy for coughs, colds, asthma, &c.

HOWARD'S COMPOUND KRESOTE TOOTH WASH, for arresting and preventing decay in teeth, and for diseases of the gums; an agreeable and pleasant wash for preserving them in a healthy condition.

HOWARD'S KRESOTE TOOTH PASTE.

DR. WISTAR'S COUGH LOZENGES, celebrated for the cure of coughs, colds, &c.

HOWARD'S INDELEIBLE INK.

HOWARD'S IMPROVED CHEMICAL CHLORIDE SOAP.

HOWARD'S CHEMICAL SHAVING COMPOUND.

HOWARD'S SUPERIOR TOILET SOAP.

HOWARD'S CHEMICAL ESSENCE OF SOAP, for removing grease, paint, tar, &c., from wearing apparel.

HOWARD'S CRYSTALLINE CEMENT, for mending broken glass, china, earthenware, &c.

HOWARD'S ISSUE OINTMENT, for keeping open issues and blisters.

HOWARD'S MAGNOLIA EXTRACT, a delicate and delicious perfume for the toilet.

HOWARD'S SUPERIOR COLOGNE WATER.

HOWARD'S FLORIDA WATER.

HOWARD'S LAVENDER WATER.

HOWARD'S HONEY WATER.

HOWARD'S SUPERIOR TOOTH POWDER.

April 14.

CONSUMPTION!

DR. RELLÉ'S ASTHMATIC PILLS have, from their extraordinary success in curing this complaint, and in curing Coughs, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Wheezing, Tightness of the Chest, Pain in the Side, Spitting of Blood, Chillsiness and Shiverings that precede Fevers and Lung Complaints generally, become one of the most popular Medicines known, and are sought after from every part of the country, on account of the astonishing success which has attended their administration in the above complaints, frequently curing the most obstinate cases, and giving the most unexpected relief after every other remedy has failed, and persons had given themselves up in despair of a cure.

They have been known to cure persons supposed to be far gone in consumption, and exhibiting all the appearance of approaching dissolution.

And such have been the salutary effects of these Pills, even in hopeless cases, as so far to mitigate the sufferings of the patient, as evidently to prolong life for days and weeks, and give to it a positive comfort they never expected to enjoy.

The operation of the pills is wonderful in easing respiration, quieting the cough, and procuring comfortable rest.

Common colds are frequently removed in a few hours.

60—Although (says a person speaking of these Pills) my wife has tried various and curious of the first celebrity, for an Asthmatic difficulty, (or affection of the lungs,) which at times was exceedingly distressing, confining her to her house for days and weeks together, she finds nothing gives her the relief which Rellé's Asthmatic Pills do.—easing her respiration, quieting her cough, and giving her comfortable rest." And this is the testimony of hundreds of thousands. The relief which aged people, as well as the young, derive from the use of these Pills, is truly astonishing, and renders them invaluable to many, and are in fact, to some, an essential auxiliary to their comfort, and almost to their existence!

60—A Physician informs the Proprietor, that a gentleman in the country observed to him, he had reason to believe the use of these Pills had been the means of saving his life.

Price—whole boxes, 30 Pills, \$1; half do. 12 Pills 50 cents.

Prepared by Thompson Ridder, Boston, and for sale at TODD'S Drug Store.

JAYNE'S INDIAN EXPECTORANT, is recommended as decidedly superior to any other known combination of medicine, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Consumption, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Angina Pectoris—Palpitations of the Heart, Bronchitis—Chronic Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Whooping Cough, Pains and Weakness of the Breast, and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

This medicine is highly and justly recommended, by numerous and respectable individuals, who have found relief from its use. Many who have been laboring under protracted coughs and pains in the breast, and have been supported by themselves and their friends far advanced in consumption, have been happily restored to perfect health by the use of this valuable Expectorant.

DR. JONATHAN GOING, President of the Granville College, Ohio, (late of New York,) in a letter to the proprietor, dated New York, December, 1836, says—"he was laboring under a severe cold, cough and hoarseness, and the difficulty of breathing was so great that he felt himself in imminent danger of immediate suffocation, but was perfectly cured by using this Expectorant." Mr. Deiks, of Salem, N. J., was cured of Asthma of twenty years' standing, by using two bottles of this medicine. Mrs. Ward, also of Salem, was cured of the same complaint by one bottle. A young lady, also of Salem, who was believed by her friends to be far gone with consumption, was perfectly restored by three bottles. Dr. Hamilton, of St. James, South Carolina, was greatly benefited by a bottle of this medicine, and found permanent relief. In addition to the above, several hundred cases of Cough have been mentioned of its promptly curing Whooping Cough, and every other treatment had failed in giving relief.

In fact, the proprietor can refer to several hundred individuals, in the city of Philadelphia alone, who have been cured of Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and all diseases of the Breast, whose certificates would occupy too much space to publish; and he is daily receiving, from every part of the Union, the highest testimonials in his favor.

The Rev. C. C. Crosby, late Agent of the American Baptist, writes as follows:

NEW YORK, JUNE 15, 1835.

To DR. JAYNE.—Dear Sir: I have made use of the Indian Expectorant, personally and in my family, for the last six years, with great benefit. Indeed I may consider my life prolonged by the use of this valuable medicine, under the blessing of God, for several years. I may say almost as much of the case of my wife, and also of the Rev. Mr. Tinsley, of the Island of Jamaica. For all cases of cough, inflammation of the chest, lungs, and throat, I do most unhesitatingly recommend this as the best medicine I have ever tried. My earnest wish is, that others, afflicted as I have been, may experience the same relief, which I am persuaded they will, by using the Indian Expectorant.

C. C. CROSBY.

N. B.—Many of my neighbors, on my recommendation, have tried this medicine with uniform success.

Mr. Crosby's residence is near Elizabethtown, N. J.

Copy of a letter from the Rev. Simon Steffied, Pastor of the Baptist Church at Roanoke, near Philadelphia.

DR. D. JAYNE.—Dear Sir: You will probably recollect that about two months since, I called upon you and procured a bottle of your Indian Expectorant, stating that I was then troubled with an inveterate hoarseness and cold of the months standing, or which no medicine that I had then afforded any relief. I do not intend to you and to the Expectorant, to inform you that the use of one bottle entirely removed the complaint, and that I have had no return of it since. From a fair trial of this medicine, and also of your Carmine Balsam, in my own family, and under my observation, I confidently recommend both to the afflicted.

Yours truly,

S. SIEGFRIED.

Philadelphia, July 8, 1837.

A fresh supply just received at

TODD'S Drug Store.

NATIVE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Preamble and Constitution of the Native American Association of the United States.

Whereas it is an admitted fact that all Governments are not only capable, but bound by all the principles of national preservation, to govern their affairs by the agency of their own citizens; and we believe the republican form of our Government to be an object of fear and dislike to the advocates of monarchy in Europe, and for that reason, if for none other, in order to preserve our institutions pure and unpoluted, we are imperatively called upon to administer our peculiar system free of all foreign influence and interference. By admitting the stranger indiscriminately to the exercise of the rights of the citizen, we weaken the attachment of the native born American citizen, we weaken the attachment of the native, and gain naught but the sordid allegiance of the foreigner. The rights of the American, which he holds under the Constitution of the Revolution, and exercised by him as the glorious prerogative of his birth, are calculated to stimulate to action, condense to strength, and cement in sentiment and patriotic sympathy.

Basing, then, the right and duty to confederate on these high truths, we profess to offer objection to the promotion of our native country in all the dignified walks of private honor, public credit, and national independence; and therefore we maintain the right, in its most extended form, of the native born American, and he only, to exercise the various duties incident to the ramifications of the laws, executive, legislative, or ministerial, from the highest to the lowest post of the Government; and to obtain this great end, we shall advocate the entire repeal of the naturalization law by Congress. Aware that the Constitution forbids even if it did not, we have no wish to establish, *ex post facto* laws, the action we seek with regard to the laws of naturalization, is intended to act in a prospective character. We shall advocate the equal liberty to all who were born equally free; to be so born constitutes, when connected with moral qualities, in our mind the aristocracy of human nature. Acting under these generic principles, we further hold that, to be a permanent people, we must be a united one, bound together by sympathies, the result of a common political origin; and to be national, we must cherish the native American sentiment, to the entire and radical exclusion of foreign opinions and doctrines introduced by foreign paupers and European political adventurers. From Kings our gallant forefathers won their liberties—the slaves of Kings shall not win them back again.

Religiously entertaining these sentiments, we as solemnly believe that the day has arrived, when the Americans should unite as brothers to sustain the strength and purity of their political institutions. We have reached that critical period foreseen and prophesied by some of the clear sighted apostles of freedom, when danger threatens every ship that floats on the ocean to our shores; when every wind that blows wafts the ragged paupers to our cities, leaving in their own persons and characters the elements of degradation and disorder. To prevent these evils, we are now called upon to unite our energies. To fight over this great moral revolution, the shadow of our first revolt of glory, will be the duty of the sons of those wars, and we must go into the combat determined to abide by our country; to preserve her honor free from contagion, and her character, as a separate people, high and above the engraftment of monarchical despotisms.

ARTICLES OF THE CONSTITUTION.

First. We bind ourselves to co-operate, by all lawful means, with our fellow native citizens in the United States to procure a repeal of the naturalization law.

Second. We will use all proper and reasonable exertions to exclude foreigners from enjoying the honors or offices of office, whether under the General or State Governments.

Third. That we will not hold him guiltless of his country's wrong who, having the power, shall place a foreigner in office while there is a competent native willing to accept.

Fourth. That we will not, in any form or manner, connect ourselves with the general or local politics of the country, nor aid, nor be the means of aiding, the cause of any politician or party whatsoever, but will exclusively advocate, stand to, and be a separate and independent party of native Americans, for the cause of the country, and upon the principles as set forth in the above preamble and these articles.

Fifth. That we will not, in any manner whatever, connect ourselves, or be connected, with any religious sect or denomination; leaving every creed to its own strength, and every man untrammelled in his own faith; adhering, nevertheless, to the sole cause of the natives, the establishment of a national character, and the perpetuity of our institutions, through the means of our own country men.

Sixth. That this Association shall be connected with and form a part of such other societies throughout the United States as may now or hereafter be established on the principles of our political creed.

Seventh. That this Association shall be styled the "Native American Association of the United States."

Eighth. That the officers shall consist of a President, Vice President, Council of Three, Corresponding Secretary, Recording Secretary, a Committee on Addresses to consist of three members, a Treasurer, and such others as may be required under any laws hereafter adopted, and whose duties shall be therein defined.

Ninth. That all the foregoing officers shall be elected by this meeting, to serve for one year, except the Committee on Addresses, which shall be appointed by the President.

Tenth. That the President, or, in his absence, the Vice President, or, in the absence of both, the Corresponding or Recording Secretary, is authorized to convene a meeting of this Association whenever it may be deemed necessary.

THE NEW YORK Life Insurance and Trust Company

This Company has a capital subscribed of one million of dollars, and in consequence of being the depositors of the Court of Chancery, and of the Surrogate Courts of the State of New York, as well as of individuals, the business means have increased to upwards of five millions of dollars, as appears by a report of the Master in Chancery, dated 23d of May, 1835.

In persons in public employment, who receive fixed salaries, an institution like this affords a certain mode of securing a sufficient sum for their families at a future day; and if the object of a parent, besides that of the early making a living, is to accumulate something for the support and education of those who may be left behind, it can be realized in this way, without exhausting those energies of mind and person which are usually necessary through the ordinary struggles of life.

A person aged 30 years, whose income is \$1,000 per annum, may, by the appropriation of \$118 a year, secure to his children \$5,000, even if he should die the next day.

A husband 30 years old, may provide \$500 for his wife by paying annually the small amount of \$11.80. At 45 years old, a clerk may create a saving fund of \$1,000, for the payment of his debts, by the annual payment of \$37.30. At 60, the same amount may be secured during a period of seven years, for the yearly payment of \$49.10.

In the minor offices of the public service, experience has shown that the salaries are not sufficient to enable the incumbents to lay up any thing, even for the infirmities of age, much less for the maintenance of those who survive. The labor of thirty years, are, therefore, productive of only the support of the day, and there are many sensitive and anxious hearts who live for the happiness of their families, that are harassed for years by the dreadful apprehensions of future want.

For such, a Life Insurance Company holds out relief, gives reality to hope, and, by the small economy of a few dollars per month, puts the mind at ease, and awards the means of securing it for ever.

The preliminaries for effecting Insurances are very simple, being merely a declaration of age, health, and other particulars set out in the forms of the office, together with a statement of the physician and friend of the applicant upon some of the same points, the blanks for which will be furnished by the agent in Washington city.

As the design of the company is profit on the one side directed to the other, and its means are a system are faith, to produce the mutual result of strength to itself and security to its members.

Officers in the Navy will also be Insured, either for shore or sea duty; the latter service, however, being with an additional premium, which will depend upon the latitude and